

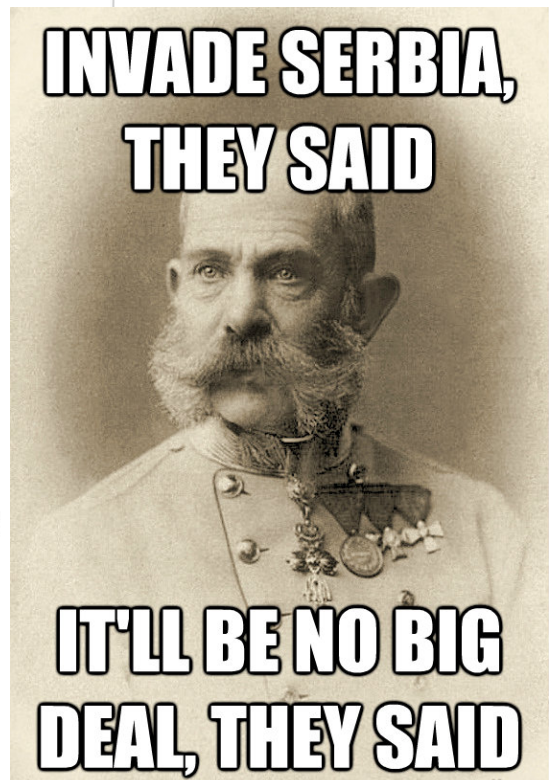
## MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

1. The long-term cause of World War I that was most responsible for expanding the scope of the war beyond Europe was
  - (A) alliances
  - (B) imperialism
  - (C) militarism
  - (D) nationalism
2. Women's participation in the labor force during the war
  - (A) decreased significantly
  - (B) increased only slightly
  - (C) increased greatly
  - (D) stayed basically at the same level
3. In the summer of 1914, the most popular view in Europe toward the prospect of war was widespread
  - (A) support for war
  - (B) opposition to war
  - (C) apathy toward war
  - (D) ignorance of a potential war
4. Why was World War I referred to as a total war?
  - (A) Nations committed all their resources to winning the war.
  - (B) All the European colonies were involved in the war.
  - (C) The European powers had large standing armies.
  - (D) Resulting social revolutions changed all aspects of European society.
5. Why is propaganda more common in a total war than in a traditional, more limited war?
  - (A) Very few people will volunteer if they think a war will be large.
  - (B) Propaganda primarily discourages enemy civilians from supporting a war.
  - (C) Only countries with totalitarian governments engage in total war.
  - (D) Winning a total war requires support from throughout society.



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## Chapter 25 Quiz World War I



Question 6 refers to the cartoon below.



Source: Punch Limited

6. To which long-term cause of World War I does the cartoon refer to most directly?
- (A) new technology
  - (B) militarism
  - (C) nationalism
  - (D) imperialism
7. What effect did the Russian Revolution have on Russia's actions in World War I?
- (A) Russia was instrumental in Germany's final defeat.
  - (B) Russia made an early peace with Germany.
  - (C) Russia turned against the United States and other Allies.
  - (D) Russia enforced Communist principles at the Paris Peace Conference.
8. What alleged reason did the Ottoman Empire give for attacking the Armenian population in Turkey between 1915 and 1917?
- (A) Armenian collusion with the Russian Army
  - (B) Cover-up of Ottoman military mistakes
  - (C) Revenge for Armenian massacres of Muslims in the nineteenth century
  - (D) Separatist movements within the Armenian population



The United States finally showing up for World War 1



'did we miss anything?'

9. Which of the conflicts below is a direct result of the mandate system?
- (A) World War II
  - (B) Conflict in Vietnam
  - (C) Nationalist conflicts in Africa
  - (D) Palestinian and Israeli conflict

**Question 10 refers to the excerpt below.**

A free, open-minded, and absolutely impartial adjustment of all colonial claims, based upon a strict observance of the principle that in determining all such questions of sovereignty the interests of the populations concerned must have equal weight with the equitable claims of the government whose title is to be determined.

—From Woodrow Wilson, “Speech on the Fourteen Points,”  
65th Congressional Record

10. Based on the excerpt and information in the text, which statement best reflects Wilson’s position?
- (A) Colonial powers should continue to determine a colony’s future.
  - (B) The Big Four should divide Germany’s colonies among themselves.
  - (C) Colonized peoples and colonizers should have equal say in a colony’s future.
  - (D) Colonized peoples should have an unlimited right to self-determination.

European leaders dividing up the Ottoman empire:

