SSWH1: ANALYZE THE ORIGINS, STRUCTURES, AND INTERACTIONS OF SOCIETIES IN THE ANCIENT WORLD FROM 3500 BCE/BC TO 500 BCE/CE

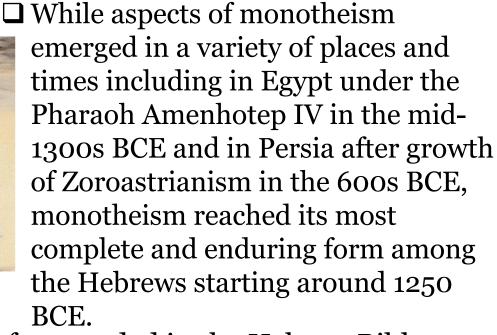


Element C: Explain the development of monotheism, include: the concepts developed by the ancient Hebrews.

Hebrew Monotheism









☐ These beliefs, recorded in the Hebrew Bible, begin with the Hebrew people (led by Moses) entering into a covenant with God (Yahweh) in which God promises to protect His chosen people in exchange for their exclusive obedience to Him. The basic tenants and Judaism, including monotheism, were established in this period as the Ten Commandments.

Hebrew Monotheism





- ☐ The Hebrew people established a kingdom on the eastern Mediterranean in about 1020 BCE which split into two kingdoms in 920 BCE.
- ☐ The concept of monotheism became more formalized during this period and was spread to other areas by the Jewish diaspora that began with the conquest of the northern Kingdom of Israel by the Assyrians in 721 BCE and the deportation of many Jewish leaders to Babylonia in 587 BCE.
 - While in Babylonia, the institution of the Synagogue was established and in about 450 BCE Judaism as a monotheistic faith was fully developed with the completion of the Hebrew Bible.