Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Period:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Topic 1.6 Developments in Europe Graphic Organizer (c. 1200-1450)**

***AMSCO* Ch. 7 pgs. 131-140 & Ch. 12 pgs. 219-234; *Ways of the World* Ch. 2 pgs. 69-85**

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|  | **The Byzantine Empire (600 CE – 1200 CE)** | **Latin West/Feudal Europe (600 CE – 1000 CE)** |
| **Social**   * Social classes & social hierarchy * Who has power in society? * Gender roles and relations/patriarchy * Family and kinship |  | LO: How did agriculture affect social organization?  What is the role of coercive labor? |
| **Political**   * Type of government * Role of the government * Who rules? * How do they maintain power? |  |  |
| **Interactions with the Environment**   * How did the environment shape and/or impact this society? * Patterns of settlement |  |  |
| **Cultural**   * Religions, Belief systems, philosophies, & ideologies * The arts and architecture * Written works, theater, plays | LO: How did beliefs and practices of Greek Orthodoxy affect Byzantine society? | LO: How did beliefs and practices of Roman Catholicism affect medieval European society? |
| **Economic**   * Agricultural and pastoral production * Trade and commerce * Labor systems * Tax collection and purposes |  |  |
| **Technology & Innovation**   * Farming/agricultural implements * Instruments that improve/expedite trade * Methods of production |  |  |

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| **Learning Objective: Explain the causes and consequences of political decentralization in Europe from c. 1200 to c. 1450.** | |
| **Causes of Political Decentralization** | **Consequences of Political Decentralization** |
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