

# COLD WAR & DECOLONIZATION c.1900 to the present



# GEOGRAPHY



**MIGRATIONS:**

- SOUTH ASIANS → UK
- ALGERIANS → FRANCE
- FILIPINOS → US

	<b>NATO</b>		<b>WARSAW PACT</b>
<b>NON-ALIGNED MOVEMENT</b>			
<b>PROXY WAR</b>		<b>LAND REDISTRIBUTION</b>	
<b>NEGOTIATED INDEPENDENCE</b>	<b>ARMED STRUGGLE</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-VIETNAM</li> <li>-INDIA</li> <li>-IRAN</li> <li>-ETHIOPIA</li> </ul>	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-INDIA -GHANA -FR. WEST AFR.</li> <li>-VIETNAM -ALGERIA -ANGOLA</li> </ul>	
<b>NATIONALIST LEADERS</b>			
<b>MOVEMENTS:</b>			
<b>NEWLY INDEP. STATES</b>			
<b>TERROR</b>			



# HERE IS ALL THAT THE COLLEGE BOARD REQUIRES OF YOU FOR:

**THIS IS THE THEMATIC FOCUS. IT'S WHAT YOU SHOULD FOCUS ON FOR THIS SECTION**

## THEMATIC FOCUS

### Governance **GOV**

A variety of internal and external factors contribute to state formation, expansion, and decline. Governments maintain order through a variety of administrative institutions, policies, and procedures, and governments obtain, retain, and exercise power in different ways and for different purposes.

## HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENTS

### KC-6.2.II.A

Nationalist leaders and parties in Asia and Africa sought varying degrees of autonomy within or independence from imperial rule.

Nationalist leaders and parties:

- Indian National Congress
- Ho Chi Minh in French Indochina (Vietnam)
- Kwame Nkrumah in British Gold Coast (Ghana)
- Gamal Abdel Nasser in Egypt

**NATIONALIST MOVEMENTS DATE BACK TO LATE 19<sup>TH</sup> CENTURY**  
 NEGOTIATED MORE AND MORE SELF RULE:

- 1885: LEGISLATIVE REPRESENTATION
- 1890s: BLACK OWNED NEWSPAPERS
- 1946: ELECTED MEMBERS OF LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL MAJORITY
- NO OTHER AFRICAN NATION HAD MAJORITY IN THEIR PARLIAMENT
- LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STILL ANSWERED TO GOVERNOR (BRITISH)
- AFTER INDIA & INDIA, GHANA STARTED TO PUSH FOR INDEPENDENCE
- LED BY → KWAME NKURUMAH
- USED "POSITIVE ACTION" (NON-VIOLENCE & EDUCATION)

**GHANA**

**WE'LL START WITH THE ONES THAT DID IT VIA NEGOTIATION... INDEPENDENCE DID NOT HAPPEN OVERNIGHT... INDIANS HAD BEEN FIGHTING SINCE 1757 (190+ YEARS)!**

**INDIANS**

**INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS (1885)**  
 GOAL: OPEN DIALOGUE BETWEEN EDUCATED INDIANS & BRITISH RULERS  
 BRITISH OPPRESSION LED THE INDIANS TO TURN FROM NEGOTIATION TO SELF-RULE (1947)

**HOW DID IT BECOME A MASS MOVEMENT?**  
 MOHANDAS GANDHI RETURNS TO INDIA IN 1915  
 WORKED FOR INDIAN RIGHTS IN SOUTH AFRICA  
 23 YEARS ON THE ISLAND OF FRENCH GUIANA  
 SATYAGRAHA (NON-VIOLENCE) ON THE ISLAND MANIFESTED  
 BRINGING THIS TO INDIA LEADER BY 1920  
 INDIA SENT 10K+ TO WORK MORE THAN JAPAN, CANADA  
 INDIA HAD DONE THEIR PART... WANTED SWAMI  
 GANDHI'S NON-VIOLENCE COOPERATION WANT  
 THOUGHT FOR SWAMI FOR THE BRITISH RULERS

**THE PRICE WAS THE GAINWAY TO THE GREAT TO THE TOP OF THE WORLD...  
 NASSER PLAYING BOTH SIDES (NON-ALIGNED)  
 NASSER GOT ARMS DEAL FROM USSR  
 US ALLIES IN REGION DIDN'T GET THIS MUCH \$\$\$**

### KC-6.2.I.C

After the end of World War II, some colonies negotiated their independence, while others achieved independence through armed struggle.

Negotiated independence:

- India from the British Empire
- The Gold Coast from the British Empire
- French West Africa

**GHANA**

**NILE RIVER**

**LAKE NASSER**  
 LARGEST MAN-MADE LAKE (VOLTA#3)

- NASSER WENT TO THE US TO GET FUNDING FOR THE DAM
- US OFFERED \$56 MILLION BUT WITHDREW IT BECAUSE NASSER PLAYING BOTH SIDES (NON-ALIGNED)
- NASSER GOT ARMS DEAL FROM USSR
- US ALLIES IN REGION DIDN'T GET THIS MUCH \$\$\$
- TURKEY, IRAQ
- NASSER WENT TO USSR... KHRUSHCHEV OFFERED \$1.12 B.

### KC-6.2.II.B

Regional, religious, and ethnic movements challenged colonial rule and inherited imperial boundaries. Some of these movements advocated for autonomy.

Regional, religious, and ethnic movements:

- Muslim League in British India
- Québécois separatist movement in Canada
- Biafra secessionist movement in Nigeria

**CARTOGRAPHIC CONSEQUENCES**  
 POPULATION RESETTLEMENT  
 TRANS-NATIONAL MOVEMENTS  
 REGIONAL MOVEMENTS  
 METROPOLIS FORMERS

**WE'VE SEEN THE VIOLENCE OF VIETNAM... BUT WHAT ABOUT ANGOLA?**

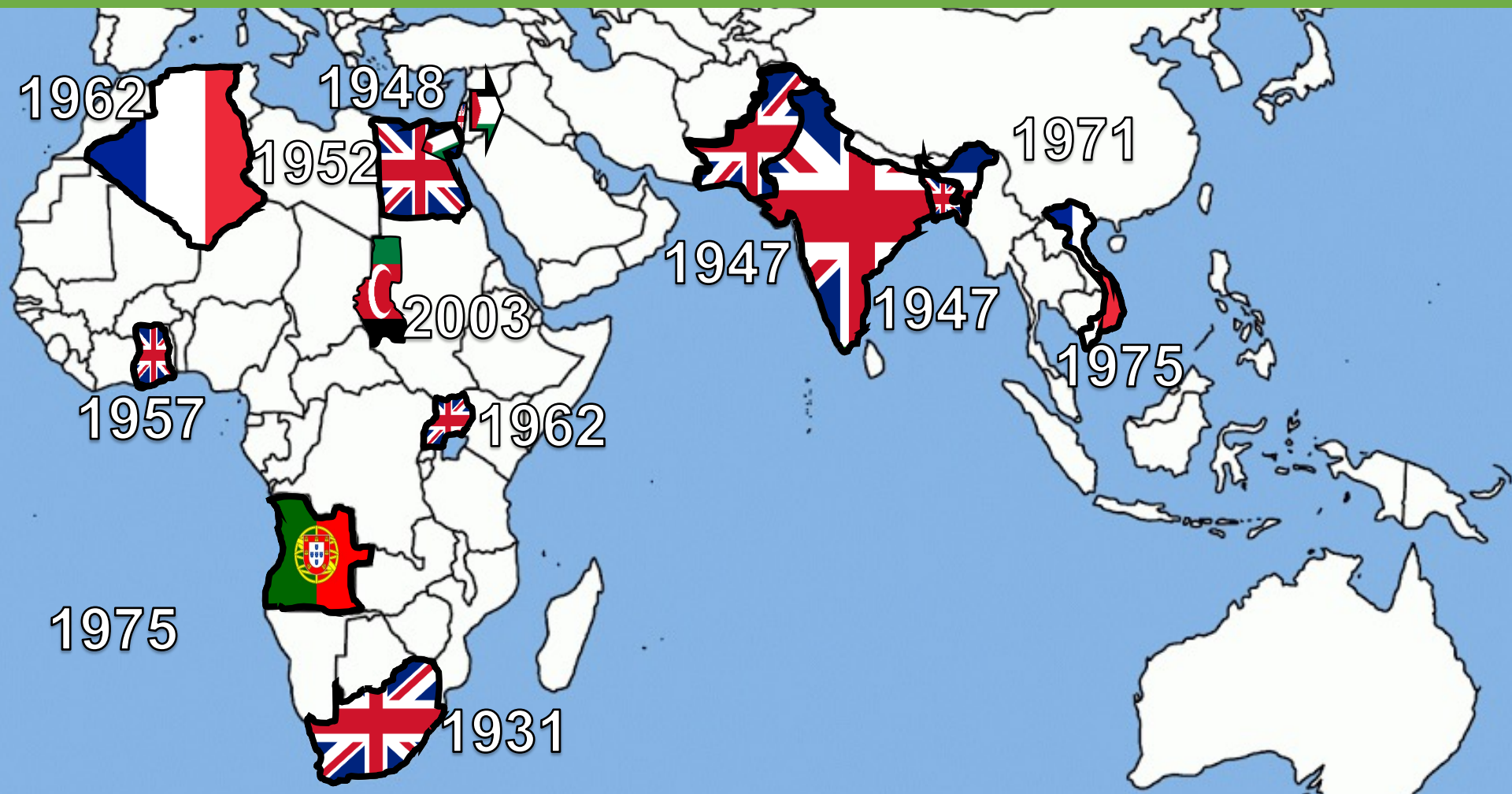
- REMEMBER NZINGA of NYONGGOT
- FOR HIGHER COLONIAL LAND OWNERS BLACK ANGOLANS FROM FORMING POLITICAL PARTIES JOINING LABOR UNIONS
- NATIONALIST MOVEMENTS DID NOT BEGIN UNTIL AFTER WWII
- PORTUGAL REFUSED DEMANDS FOR SELF-RULE
- ARMED STRUGGLE OF NATIONAL LIBERATION BEGAN WITH A WORKERS' REVOLT ON COTTON PLANTATION
- QUICKLY SPREAD INTO 12-YEAR WAR FOR INDEPENDENCE
- PORTUGAL ALSO FIGHTING IN MOZAMBIQUE & GUINEA-BISSAU
- ENDED WITH PEACE TREATY... ANGOLAN INDEPENDENCE
- PEACE WAS SHORT-LIVED
- US HELPED A FACTION OF ANGOLANS
- BUT PORTUGAL-NATO
- USSR ALSO SUPPORTED THE MARXIST FACTIONS OF ANGOLANS
- ALL FACTIONS WENT FROM FIGHTING PORTUGAL TO FIGHTING EACH OTHER
- ANGOLAN CIVIL WAR (1975-2002)
- AND OTHER COLD FRONT WARS...
- 300K KILLED, 1M DISPLACED

Independence through armed struggle:

- Algeria from the French empire
- Angola from the Portuguese empire
- Vietnam from the French empire

# GEOGRAPHY

DECOLONIZATION or INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENTS ENCAPSULATE ALL OF THE EUROPE'S COLONIES, THEIR METHODS FOR INDEPENDENCE & THE AFTERMATH OF THEIR INDEPENDENCE



IF ONLY THERE WAS SOME GROUP OR SIGNED DOCUMENT THAT AGREED THAT EVERYONE SHOULD HAVE

# INDEPENDENCE



WHEREAS IT IS ESSENTIAL, IF MAN IS NOT TO BE COMPELLED TO HAVE RECOURSE, AS A LAST RESORT, TO REBELLION AGAINST TYRANNY & OPPRESSION, THAT HUMAN RIGHTS SHOULD BE PROTECTED BY THE RULE OF LAW...



ARTICLE I: ALL HUMAN BEINGS ARE BORN FREE & EQUAL IN DIGNITY & RIGHTS

ARTICLE II: EVERYONE IS ENTITLED TO ALL THE RIGHTS SET FORTH IN THIS DECLARATION WITHOUT DISTINCTION OF ANY KIND (RACE, COLOR, SEX, LANGUAGE, RELIGION, POLITICS, NATIONALITY, PROPERTY...

ARTICLE LVIII: MEMBERS OF THE UN WHICH HAVE TERRITORIES WHOSE PEOPLE HAVE NOT YET GAINED SELF GOVERNMENT, ALLOW THEM TO DEVELOP SELF GOVERNMENTS...

**AND WHO SIGNED THIS DOCUMENT IN 1948? EVERYONE**



What do you mean 'everyone'?



# DECOLONIZATION

COLD WAR & DECOLONIZATION c. 1900 to the present

c. 1900-NOW

THERE ARE TWO WAYS TO GAIN INDEPENDENCE:



INDIA



GHANA



ANGOLA



VIETNAM

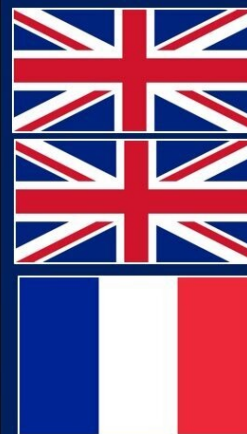
NEGOTIATION

ARMED STRUGGLE

# GEOGRAPHY

## NATIONS WHO NEGOTIATED FOR INDEPENDENCE

FREEMAN-PEDIA



**BRITISH WEST AFRICA**  
(1821-1965)

**BRITISH RAJ**  
(1858-1947)





**FRENCH WEST AFRICA**  
(1848-1958)

**AFTER WWII, THESE STATES NEGOTIATED TO BECOME:**



**BRITISH WEST AFRICA**



-  GHANA (1958)
-  NIGERIA (1960)
-  SIERRA LEONE ('61)
-  THE GAMBIA (1965)

**BRITISH RAJ**



-  INDIA (1947)
-  PAKISTAN ('47)
-  BANGLADESH ('47)
-  BURMA (1948)
-  SRI LANKA (1948)

**FRENCH WEST AFRICA**



-  GUINEA (1958)
-  MAURITANIA ('60)
-  MALI (1960)
-  SENEGAL (1960)
-  IVORY COAST ('60)
-  BURKINA FASO ('60)
-  BENIN ('60)
-  NIGER ('60)



# WE'LL START WITH THE ONES THAT DID IT VIA NEGOTIATION:

## INDIAN INDEPENDENCE DID NOT HAPPEN OVERNIGHT...

- INDIANS HAD BEEN FIGHTING SINCE 1757 (190+ YEARS!):



## VIOLENCE AGAINST THE INDUSTRIAL WEST=FAIL:



- IT'S TIME TO NEGOTIATE: ENTER **I.N.C.**
- INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS (1885)**
- GOAL: OPEN DIALOGUE BETWEEN EDUCATED INDIANS & BRITISH RAJ**
- BRITISH OPPRESSION LED THE INC TO TURN FROM NEGOTIATION TO SWARAJ (SELF-RULE)(LOGO→)**



### HOW DID IT BECOME A MASS MOVEMENT?

## MOHANDAS GANDHI RETURNS TO INDIA IN 1915

- WORKED FOR INDIAN RIGHTS IN SOUTH AFRICA (1893-1914)
  - ← STATUE IN SOUTH AFRICA →
  - 21 YEARS OF ACTIVISM SHAPED GANDHI'S SATYAGRAHA (*HOLDING ON TO TRUTH/ NONVIOLENCE*)
  - BRINGS THIS TO INC (LEADER BY 1920)
  - INDIA SENT 1M+ TO WWI; MORE THAN JAPAN, CANADA
    - INDIA HAD DONE THEIR PART... WANTED SWARAJ
  - GANDHI'S NON-VIOLENT/NON-COOPERATION MVMT:
    - PUSHED FOR SWARAJ FROM THE BRITISH RAJ



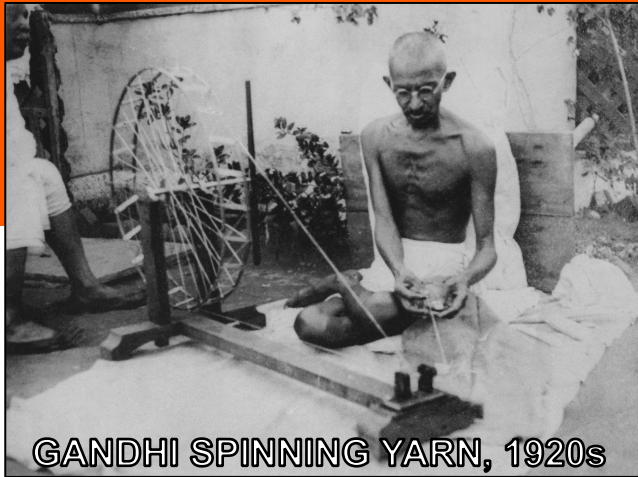
THIS STATUE MARKS THE CENTENARY OF THE EVENT ON THE NIGHT OF 7 JUNE 1893, WHEN M. K. GANDHI WAS FORCIBLY REMOVED FROM A TRAIN COMPARTMENT AT THE PIETERMARITZBURG STATION BECAUSE OF DISCRIMINATION BASED ON RACE.

"MY ACTIVE NON-VIOLENCE BEGAN FROM THAT DATE."

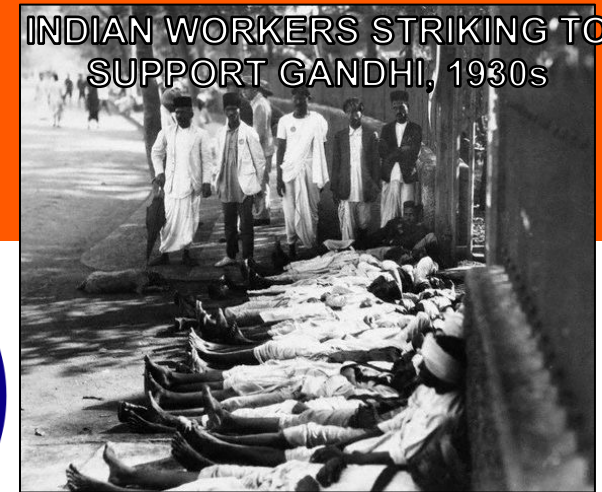
MAHATMA GANDHI



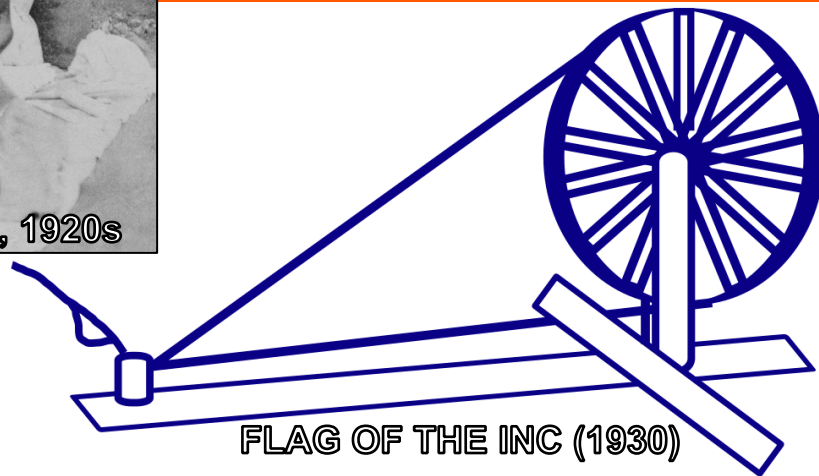
# SATYAGRAHA



GANDHI SPINNING YARN, 1920s



INDIAN WORKERS STRIKING TO SUPPORT GANDHI, 1930s



FLAG OF THE INC (1930)

I have drawn the distinction between passive resistance as understood and practised in the West... I often used “**passive resistance**” and “**satyagraha**” as synonymous terms: but as the doctrine of satyagraha developed, the expression “passive resistance” ceases even to be synonymous, as passive resistance has admitted of violence as in the case of the suffragettes and has been universally acknowledged to be a weapon of the weak. Moreover, passive resistance does not necessarily involve complete adherence to truth under every circumstance. Therefore it is different from satyagraha in three essentials: **Satyagraha is a weapon of the strong**; it admits of no violence under any circumstance whatsoever; and it ever insists upon truth. –M.K. GANDHI, 1920

Like most people, I had heard of **Gandhi**, but I had never studied him seriously. As I read, I became deeply fascinated by his campaigns of **nonviolent resistance**. I was particularly moved by his **Salt March to the Sea** and his numerous fasts. The whole concept of **Satyagraha** (*Satya* is truth which equals love, and *agraha* is force; *Satyagraha*, therefore, means truth force or love force) was profoundly significant to me. As I delved deeper into the philosophy of Gandhi, my skepticism concerning the power of love gradually diminished, and I came to see for the first time its potency in the area of social reform. ... It was in this **Gandhian emphasis on love and nonviolence** that I discovered the method for social reform that I had been seeking.

—DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. FROM HIS AUTOBIOGRAPHY







1930: THE MARCH TOOK 24 DAYS & COVERED 240+ MILES (HERE TO NYC):  
“NEXT TO AIR AND WATER, SALT IS PERHAPS  
THE GREATEST NECESSITY OF LIFE.”

Help the Refugees  
AMUJE  
CHANDNI CHOWK, DELHI

# DELHI EDITION The Hindustan Times

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN NORTHERN, NORTH-WESTERN AND CENTRAL INDIA

NEW DELHI, FRIDAY, AUGUST 15, 1947

QUALITY PUBLICATION  
DESIGNERS & PRINTERS

## INDIA INDEPENDENT : BRITISH

### RULE ENDS CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY TAKES OVER

MOUNTBATTEN'S APPOINTMENT AS  
GOVERNOR-GENERAL ENDORSED

### COLOURFUL CEREMONY MARKS BIRTH OF NATION

(By Our Special Correspondent)  
NEW DELHI, Thursday.—At midnight tonight the Constituent Assembly, consisting of the chosen representatives of the Indian people, assumed sovereign power and the members solemnly took the pledge to serve India and her people. "We end today a period of fit fortune and India discovers herself again," said Pandit Nehru in calling upon the members to take the historic pledge.



MEMBERS OF THE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY, NEW DELHI, FRIDAY, AUGUST 15, 1947

### Governors Sworn In As Free India Is Born

The new Governors of Indian provinces were sworn in at

### NEW STAR RISES IN THE EAST

LEADERS TELL NATION OF TASKS  
AHEAD

The appointed day has come—the day appointed by destiny and India stands forth again free, united and independent. Under the leadership of the Prime Minister, Jawaharlal Nehru, the nation has entered a new era. The people are called upon to rise to the occasion and to work for the progress and prosperity of the new India.

### Attlee's Greetings To Nehru

Mr. Attlee sent a message to the Prime Minister of India and Pakistan congratulating them on the achievement of independence. He expressed his confidence in the leadership of Mr. Nehru and his belief in the future of the Indian people.

### INDIA IS NOW TWO DOMINIONS

### POWER TRANSFERRED AT MIDNIGHT

### KING'S MESSAGE TO PAKISTAN

### EARLDOM CONFERRED ON LORD MOUNTBATTEN

The Dominion of India (Hindustan) and Pakistan came into being at midnight Delhi time (2:00 B.S.T. last night) and British rule in the whole of India came to an end after 89 years. In a message to Pakistan yesterday the King said that the support of the British Commonwealth will not fail you in upholding democratic principles.

### MAINTENANCE OF ORDER

### DOMINIONS' TASK IS TO BE MET

The dominions in India and Pakistan are now faced with the task of maintaining law and order and of meeting the needs of their people. The Government has taken steps to ensure a smooth transition and to provide for the welfare of the population.

### FIVE DEAD, 46 HURT IN ARAB-JEW CLASHES

### MOBS FIRE TIMBER YARDS: TROOPS FORM BARRIER

### PERUSALEM, Thursday

Ignoring appeals by Jewish and Arab municipal leaders to keep the peace and refrain from retaliation, the mixed population living on the borders of the Jewish city of Tel-Aviv and the Arab city of Jaffa clashed today with renewed violence.

### U.S. PESSIMISM OVER LOAN REVISION TALKS

### 'WE CAN DO LITTLE' ATTITUDE FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT WASHINGTON, Thursday

President Truman again declined to comment today on Britain's financial crisis. His attitude represents the considered policy of the United States Government, to await the fullest information from London. Any proposal the British Government may make will be considered in the light of the present situation.

### M. GROMYKO THREATENS DOUBLE VETO

### PROTEST AT U.N. GREEK PLANS

### NEW ATTACK ON U.S. POLICY

The Soviet Union has threatened a double veto in the Security Council against the Greek plan to request the United Nations to intervene in the Greek civil war. This move is seen as a direct challenge to the United States policy of supporting the Greek Government.

### THE UNION JACK Rings from a tower of the ruined Rovershoe at Lucknow, from which it had never been lowered since the town after the capture of the city by the British in 1858.

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### BATTLE OF BRITAIN WEEK

### U.S. NOT TRYING ALGERIA CASE

### YARD ROUND-UP AFTER ARMED ROBBERIES

The British Government has announced that it will not try the Algerian case against the United States. The yard round-up after armed robberies in London has resulted in the arrest of several suspects and the recovery of some stolen property.

# The New York Times

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUGUST 15, 1947.

LATE CITY EDITION  
Not and bound with yesterday's edition. Closes tomorrow.  
Temperatures Today—Max., 80; Min., 73  
Temperatures Tomorrow—Max., 81.8; Min., 73  
Feb. 8, 9, Weather Bureau Bulletin, Part 11

### LAWSON ON GAMBLING BREED CORRUPTION, O'DWYER DECLARES

Mayor Says, However, He Will Enforce Them and Keep the Police Department Clean

### ASKS INQUIRIES BY JURIES

Praises Wallander for the Job He Is Doing—Inspector Kennedy Raids Dice Game

By SEYMOUR HERSHBERG  
Existing gambling laws, Mayor O'Dwyer said at City Hall yesterday, tend to breed corruption. He said he would, so long as he administered justice, like to see a grand jury to which county in the city inquire into gambling and its attendant evils.

"The Police Department," the Mayor said, "has a responsibility for enforcing a law which appears to breed the sort of a racket, but not intended a law for which the considerable portion of the public

### Truman Backs Price Inquiry As Possibly Showing Gouge

He Says Clark's Investigation May Reveal Who Is Causing High Cost Levels—Plea for Labor-Farm-Industry Talk Is Rejected

By LOUIS BRANKE  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—President Truman expressed approval today of Attorney General Tom C. Clark's investigation to determine who might be responsible for causing to increase prices of food, clothing and housing.

Supporters asked whether the President felt that the Federal inquiry would check the rise in prices or indicate those who had profited beyond normal margins.

While Mr. Truman believed that the latter result would be the outcome of Mr. Clark's efforts, he said that, as to a possible check on prices, the question would have to be left to the Congress.

In giving his endorsement to the Attorney General's investigation, the President indicated that he held high hopes for the inquiry.

The President was asked about the corn crop which has been affected by great flood damage. He said that a Federal food control

### U.S. CANCELS DEBTS OF BILLION BY ITALY IN FINANCIAL PACTS

Frees \$50,000,000 in Blocked Properties—Will Return 28 Freight Ships to Rome

### WOULD RELIEVE BURDENS

Lovett Expresses Hope Accords Will Reduce the Weight of Peace Treaty Clauses

By WALTER H. WAGGONER  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The United States today announced that it had canceled \$50,000,000 in debts owed by Italy and, in addition, liberated its interpretation of the terms of the financial section of the Italian peace treaty to aid that country's civil economy.

The State Department, in making the announcement, said that the action would relieve Italy of heavy "burdensome" financial and economic charges in the peace pact.

### TWO INDIAN NATIONS EMERGE ON WORLD SCENE

AFGHANISTAN, KASHMIR, SINKIANG, TIBET, NEPAL, BURMA, ARABIAN SEA, BAY OF BENGAL, LONDON, MANISTAN.

### INDIA AND PAKISTAN BECOME NATIONS; CLASHES CONTINUE

Ceremonies at New Delhi and Karachi Mark Independence for 400,000,000 Persons

### NEHRU ACCLAIMS GANDHI

But He Warns of Trials Ahead—Death Toll in Communal Fighting Reaches 153

By ROBERT THURGOOD  
NEW DELHI, Friday, Aug. 15.—India achieved her long-sought independence today through the creation of two dominions. The two dominions take their lead from the 400,000,000 persons who have divided India and Pakistan.

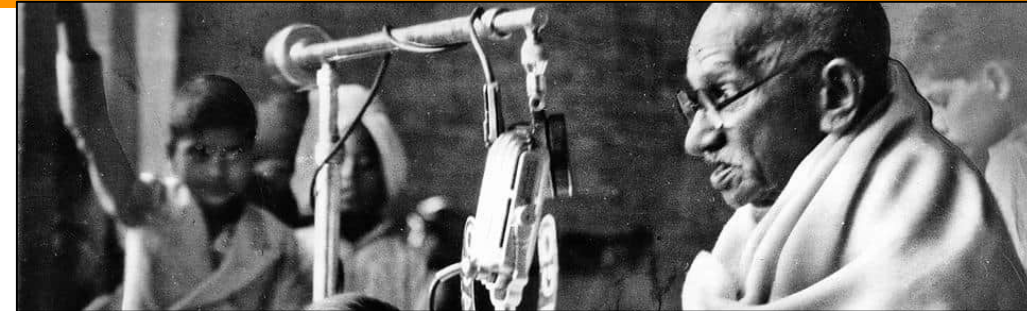
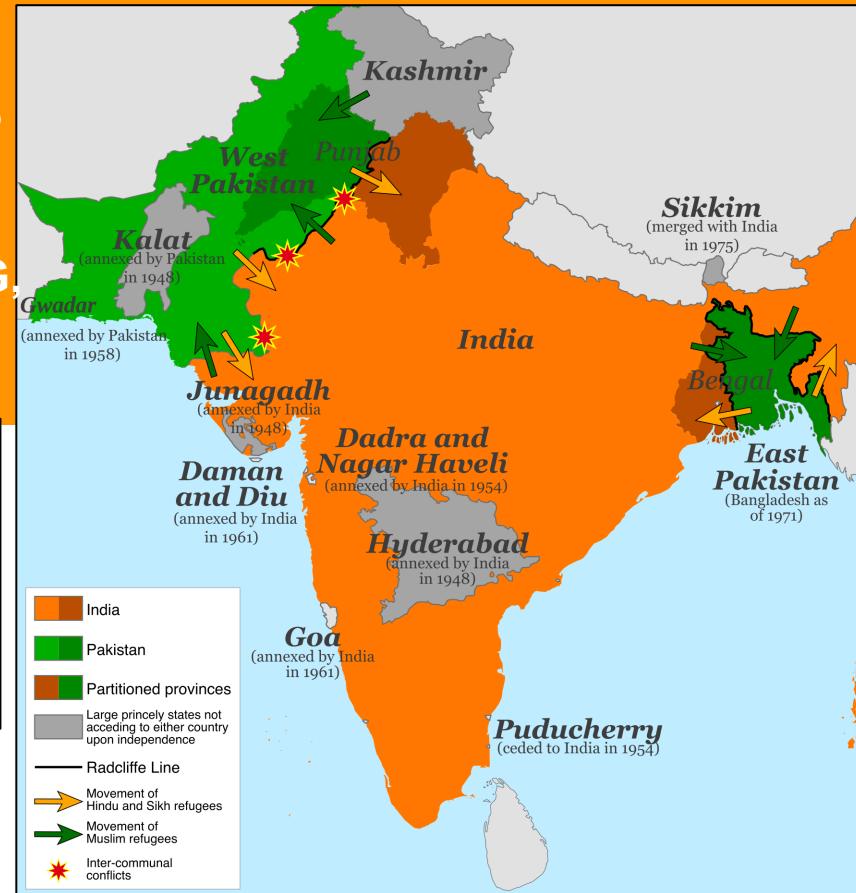
While the ceremonies marking the major historic event were taking place, communal strife continued to cost a gross total over the nation.

Communal clashes, first and last, continued in Lahore.

12:02 AM, AUGUST 15, 1947=INDIA=SOVEREIGN & DEMOCRATIC!

# INDO-PAKISTAN WAR

- MASS MIGRATIONS OF HINDUS & MUSLIMS LED TO THE FIRST OF 4 WARS BETWEEN INDIA & PAKISTAN
- GANDHI (78) WENT TO HEART OF FIGHTING DELHI; THREATENED TO FAST UNTIL DEATH (LASTED 6 DAYS, JAN 13-18, 1948)



- GANDHI ON DAY 2 OF THE FAST
  - DEMANDED FAIR TREATMENT OF MUSLIMS; END OF FIGHTING



- GANDHI CALLED THIS HIS "GREATEST FAST"
  - ENDED RELIGIOUS FIGHTING IN DELHI
  - LONGEST? 21 DAYS: UNTOUCHABLES RIGHTS
  - 12 DAYS LATER, GANDHI ASSASSINATED (SHOT)
  - PLANNING BEGAN THE DAY THE FAST BEGAN
  - ASSASSIN=HINDU NATIONALIST WHO HATED GANDHI'S WORK FOR & WITH MUSLIMS
    - TACKLED BY AMERICAN MARINE IN THE CROWD & HELD UNTIL POLICE ARRIVED





Friends and comrades, the light has gone out of our lives, and there is darkness everywhere, and I do not quite know what to tell you or how to say it. Our beloved leader, Bapu (father) as we called him, the father of the nation, is no more. Perhaps I am wrong to say that; nevertheless, we will not see him again, as we have seen him for these many years, we will not run to him for advice or seek solace from him, and that is a terrible blow, not only for me, but for millions and millions in this country.

-Prime Minister J. Nehru

**I am shocked to learn of the most dastardly attack on the life of Mr Gandhi, resulting in his death. Whatever our political differences, he was one of the greatest men produced by the Hindu community, and a leader who commanded their universal confidence and respect. I wish to express my deep sorrow, & sincerely sympathise with the great Hindu community and his family in their bereavement at this momentous, historical and critical juncture so soon after the birth of freedom for Hindustan and Pakistan. The loss of dominion of India is irreparable, and it will be very difficult to fill the vacuum created by the passing way of such a great man at this moment.**

**- Muhammad Jinnah, 1<sup>st</sup> President of Pakistan**



"Generations to come will scarce believe that such a one as this ever in flesh and blood walked upon this earth." -Albert Einstein

## LIST OF NOBEL PEACE PRIZE WINNERS AND THE RATIONALE FOR WINNING THE AWARD



NOBELPRISSET

The Nobel Prize

- 1939-1943: NO WINNER.....WWII**
- 1944: RED CROSS.....WWII**
- 1945: CORDELL HULL..... CREATION OF UN**
- 1946:EMILY BALCH: WOMEN'S LEAGUE FOR PEACE & FREE**
- 1947: THE QUAKERS..... COMPASSION FOR OTHERS**
- 1948: "THERE WAS NO SUITABLE LIVING CANDIDATE"**
- 1949: LORD BOYD-ORR.... NATIONAL PEACE COUNCIL**
- 1950: RALPH BUNCHE.... HARVARD MEDIATOR OF ISR./PAL.**
- 1951: LEON JOUHAUX.....FRENCH LABOR LEADER**
- 1952: ALBERT SCHWEITZER..... FRENCH THEOLOGIAN**
- 1953: GEORGE C. MARSHALL..... THE MARSHALL PLAN**

OTHER AP PEOPLE WHO WON: WILSON (1919), MLK (1964), BORLAUG (1970), GORBACHEV (1990), MANDELA & DE KLERK (1993) MAATHAI (2004)

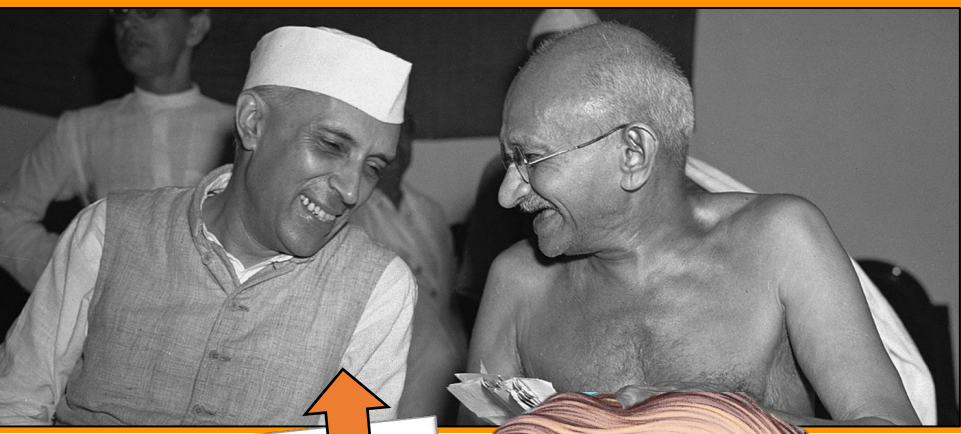
"The greatest omission in our 106-year history is undoubtedly that Mahatma Gandhi never received the Nobel Peace prize. Gandhi could do without the Nobel Peace prize, whether Nobel committee can do without Gandhi is the question".

-Nobel Committee Secretary in 2006

INDIA=INDEPENDENT. GANDHI IS GONE. WHAT'S NEXT FOR EARTH'S LARGEST DEMOCRACY?

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU

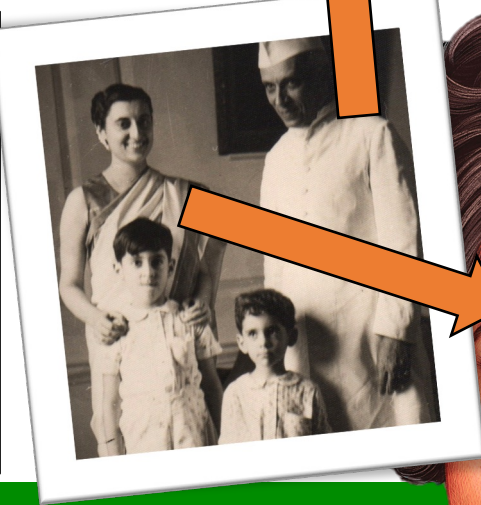
- PRESIDENT OF INC FROM 1929-1930
- POLITICAL LEADER OF INDEPENDENT.
- CLOSE ALLY/FRIEND OF GANDHI →
- FOUNDING MEMBER OF NON-ALIGNED
- PRIME MINISTER FROM 1947-1964
- FAMILY MEMBER IN CHARGE OF INDIA FOR 40 OF THE 60+ YEARS SINCE INDEP.



## NON-ALIGNED FOUNDERS:



INDIA GHANA EGYPT INDONESIA YUGOSLAVIA

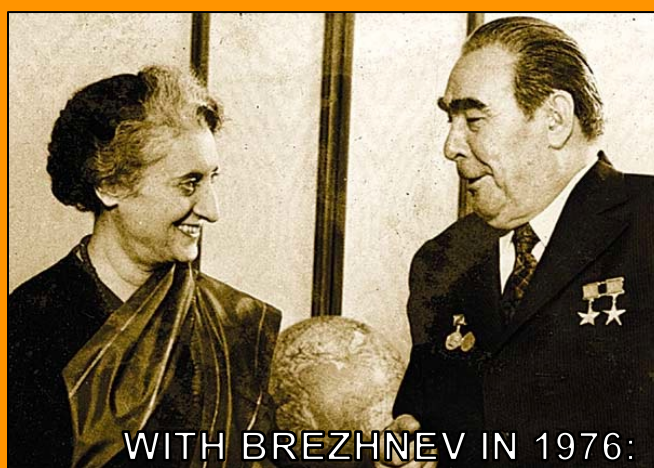


- I APOLOGIZE FOR HOW CONFUSING THIS IS ABOUT TO BE:
  - NEHRU'S DAUGHTER WAS NAMED INDIRA NEHRU...
  - BUT... SHE MARRIED FEROZE GANDHI (NO RELATION)
  - SO... SHE IS NEHRU'S DAUGHTER, BUT NAMED GANDHI
  - PRIME MINISTER FOR 15 YEARS (2<sup>ND</sup> TO HER DAD)
- ECONOMIC POLICIES: LEFT OR LEFTIST SOCIALIST
  - GREATER STATE CONTROL OF ECONOMY
  - LESS DEPENDENCE ON AID FROM THE WEST
  - GREEN REVOLUTION MADE INDIA FOOD SECURE





WITH THATCHER IN 1982:



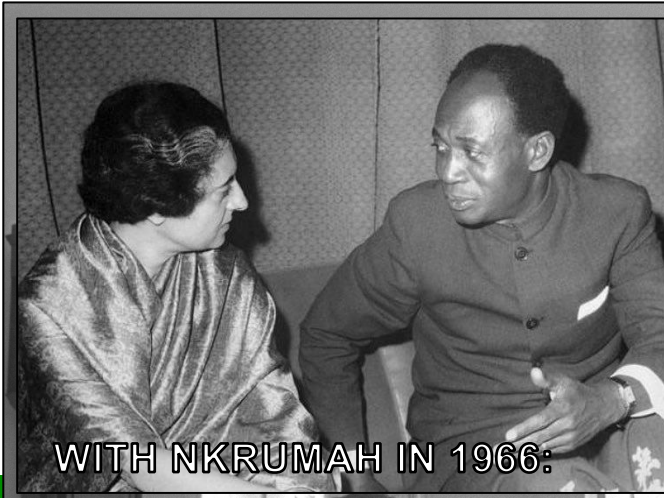
WITH BREZHNEV IN 1976:



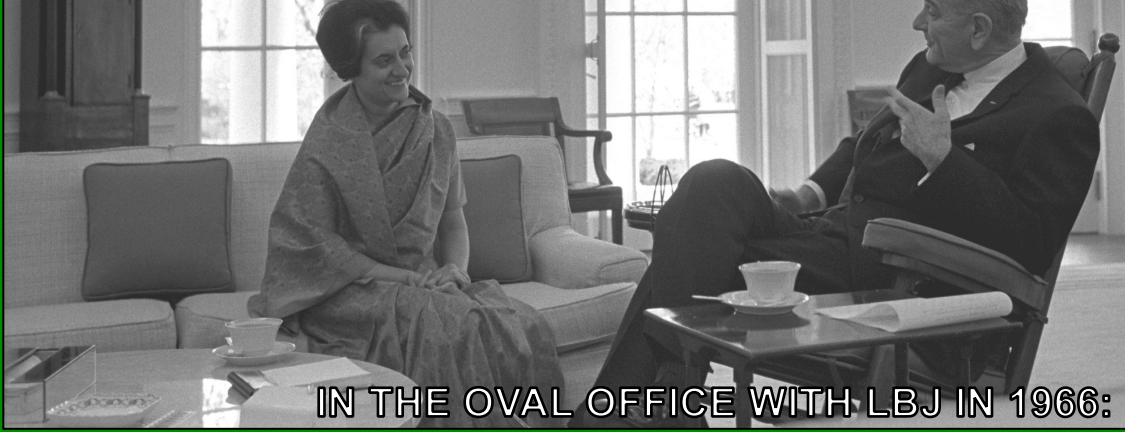
WITH PRESIDENT NIXON IN 1971:



WITH JACKIE KENNEDY IN NEW DELHI 1962:



WITH NKRUMAH IN 1966:



IN THE OVAL OFFICE WITH LBJ IN 1966:

# NEXT UP: ANOTHER ONE THAT DID IT VIA NEGOTIATION:

# GHANA

- NATIONALIST MOVEMENTS DATE BACK TO LATE 19<sup>TH</sup> CENTURY
- NEGOTIATED MORE AND MORE SELF RULE:

- 1925: LEGISLATIVE REPRESENTATION
- 1930s: BLACK OWNED NEWSPAPERS
- 1946: ELECTED MEMBERS OF LEGISL. COUNCIL=MAJORITY
  - NO OTHER AFRICAN NATION HAD MAJORITIES IN THEIR PARLIAMENT
- LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STILL ANSWERED TO GOVERNOR (BRITISH) AFTER INDIA & PAKISTAN, GHANA STARTED TO PUSH FOR INDEPENDEN. LED BY → KWAME NKRUMAH →
  - USED "POSITIVE ACTION"
  - INDEPENDENCE THROUGH NON-VIOLENCE & EDUCATION



NEXT UP: ANOTHER ONE THAT DID IT VIA NEGOTIATION:



# GHANA

uktv  
HISTORY



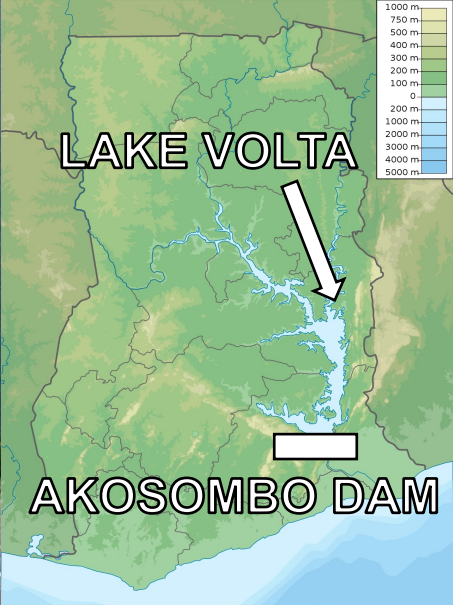


# LAKE VOLTA

- LARGEST MAN MADE BODY OF WATER ON EARTH (3,300 SQ. MILES)
- 3.6% OF GHANA'S LAND MASS

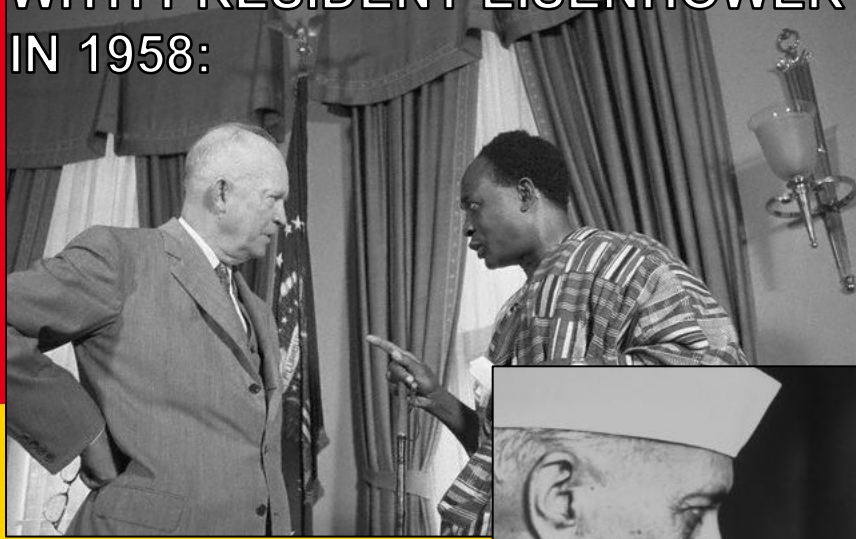
# AKOSOMBO DAM

- PROVIDED 100% OF GHANA'S ELECTRICITY
- PROVIDED A MAJORITY OF TOGO & BENIN'S ELECTRICITY AS WELL
- FUNDED BY WORLD BANK, US & UK





WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER  
IN 1958:



WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY IN 1961\*:



\*NKRUMAH WAS THE 1<sup>ST</sup> HEAD OF STATE FROM A FOREIGN NATION TO VISIT JFK AS PRESIDENT (JFK PICKED HIM UP AT THE AIRPORT!)

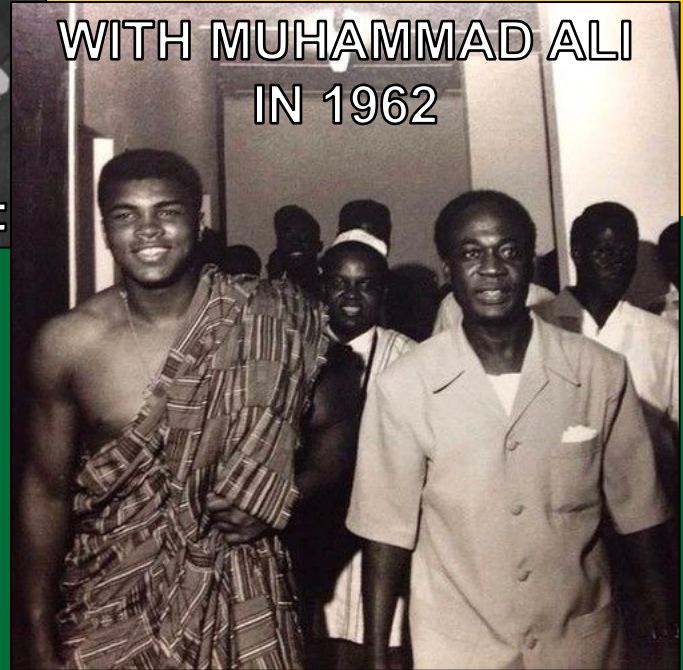


WITH NEHRU IN 1961:

DANCING WITH QUEEN  
ELIZABETH IN 1961:



WITH MUHAMMAD ALI  
IN 1962



WITH MAO IN 1962:

# WE'VE SEEN THE VIOLENCE OF VIETNAM... BUT WHAT ABOUT **ANGOLA**?

- THIS IS NOT OUR FIRST STOP IN ANGOLA...
  - REMEMBER, NZINGA of NDONGO? →
- PORTUGUESE COLONIAL LAW FORBID BLACK ANGOLANS FROM FORMING POLITICAL PARTIES/JOINING LABOR UNIONS



- NATIONALIST MOVEMENTS DID NOT BEGIN UNTIL AFTER WWII
- PORTUGAL REFUSED DEMANDS FOR SELF-RULE
- **ARMED STRUGGLE OF NATIONAL LIBERATION**
  - BEGAN WITH A WORKERS REVOLT ON COTTON PLANTAT.
  - QUICKLY SPREAD INTO 12-YEAR WAR FOR INDEPEND.
  - PORTUGAL ALSO FIGHTING IN MOZAMBIQUE & GUIN-BIS.
  - ENDED WITH PEACE TREATY; ANGOLAN INDEPENDENCE
  - PEACE WAS SHORTLIVED

- US HELPED A FACTION OF ANGOLANS
  - BUT, PORTUGAL=NATO...
- USSR ALSO SUPPORTED THE MARXIST FACTIONS OF ANGOLANS
- ALL FACTIONS WENT FROM FIGHTING PORTUGAL TO FIGHTING EACH OTHER
  - ANGOLAN CIVIL WAR (1975-2002)
  - ANOTHER COLD PROXY WAR...
  - 500K KILLED, 1M DISPLACED



# CARTOGRAPHIC CONSEQUENCES

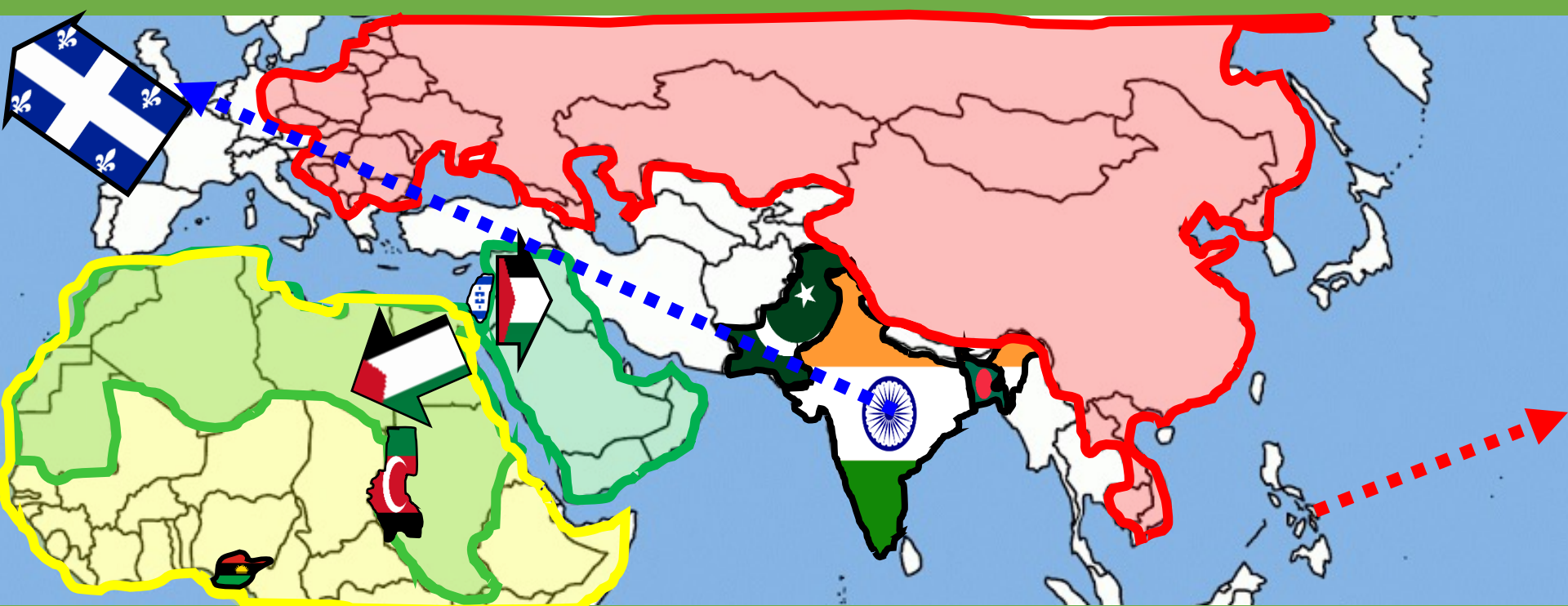
## POPULATION RESETTLEMENT

## TRANS-NATIONAL MOVEMENTS

**INDIA-PAKISTAN PARTITION**  
(12 MILLION PEOPLE)

**ISRAELI SETTLEMENT OF PALESTINE**  
(711,000 PEOPLE)

**COMMUNISM**  
**PAN-ARABISM**  
**PAN-AFRICANISM**



## REGIONAL MOVEMENTS

## METROPOLES

## REFUGEES



← SOUTH ASIANS TO BRITAIN

← PALESTINIANS (700k)

← FILIPINOS TO THE UNITED STATES

DARFUR (3M)

PAKISTAN (RELIGIOUS) BIARFRA (ETHNIC) QUEBECOIS (REGIONAL)

# HERE IS ALL THAT THE COLLEGE BOARD REQUIRES OF YOU FOR:

**THIS IS THE THEMATIC FOCUS. IT'S WHAT YOU SHOULD FOCUS ON FOR THIS SECTION**

## THEMATIC FOCUS

### Governance **GOV**

A variety of internal and external factors contribute to state formation, expansion, and decline. Governments maintain order through a variety of administrative institutions, policies, and procedures, and governments obtain, retain, and exercise power in different ways and for different purposes.

## HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENTS

### KC-6.2.II.A

Nationalist leaders and parties in Asia and Africa sought varying degrees of autonomy within or independence from imperial rule.

Nationalist leaders and parties:

- Indian National Congress
- Ho Chi Minh in French Indochina (Vietnam)
- Kwame Nkrumah in British Gold Coast (Ghana)
- Gamal Abdel Nasser in Egypt

**GHANA**

**NATIONALIST MOVEMENTS DATE BACK TO LATE 19<sup>TH</sup> CENTURY**

- NEGOTIATED MORE AND MORE SELF RULE
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- LED BY → KWAME NKURUMAH
- USED "POSITIVE ACTION"
- NON-VIOLENCE & EDUCATION



**WE'LL START WITH THE ONES THAT DID IT VIA NEGOTIATION**

**INDEPENDENCE DID NOT HAPPEN OVERNIGHT...**

- INDIANS HAD BEEN FIGHTING SINCE 1757 (190+ YEARS!)

**INDIANS**

**INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS (1885)**

- GOAL: OPEN DIALOGUE BETWEEN EDUCATED INDIANS & BRITISH RULERS
- BRITISH OPPRESSION LED THE INDIANS TO TURN FROM NEGOTIATION TO SELF-HELP (1920s)

**HOW DID IT BECOME A MASS MOVEMENT?**

- MOHANDAS GANDHI RETURNS TO INDIA IN 1915
- WORKED FOR INDIAN RIGHTS IN SOUTH AFRICA
- 23 YEARS ON THE ISLAND OF FRENCH INDIA
- SAFARI GANDHI UNDERSTOOD THE NEED FOR MASS PARTICIPATION
- INDIA SENT HIM TO JAIL MORE THAN 20 TIMES
- INDIA HAD DONE THIS FIRST - WANTED SWAMI GANDHI'S NON-VIOLENCE COOPERATION W/OUT TURNING FOR GANDHI FROM THE BRITISH RULERS

**THE PRICE WAS THE GAINING OF THE RIGHT TO THE RIGHT OF FRENCH INDIA
- 23 YEARS ON THE ISLAND OF FRENCH INDIA
- SAFARI GANDHI UNDERSTOOD THE NEED FOR MASS PARTICIPATION
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### KC-6.2.I.C

After the end of World War II, some colonies negotiated their independence, while others achieved independence through armed struggle.

Negotiated independence:

- India from the British Empire
- The Gold Coast from the British Empire
- French West Africa

**GHANA**

**INDIA**

**INDIA**

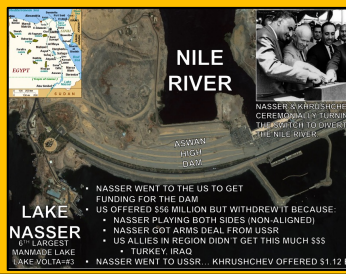


**NILE RIVER**

**LAKE NASSER**

**LAKE NASSER**

- NASSER WENT TO THE US TO GET FUNDING FOR THE DAM
- US OFFERED \$56 MILLION BUT WITHDREW IT BECAUSE NASSER WAS PLAYING BOTH SIDES (NON-ALIGNED)
- NASSER GOT AN ARMED DEAL FROM USSR
- US ALLIES IN REGION DIDN'T GET THIS MUCH \$\$\$
- TURKEY, IRAQ
- NASSER WENT TO USSR - KHRUSHCHEV OFFERED \$1.12 B.



### KC-6.2.II.B

Regional, religious, and ethnic movements challenged colonial rule and inherited imperial boundaries. Some of these movements advocated for autonomy.

Regional, religious, and ethnic movements:

- Muslim League in British India
- Québécois separatist movement in Canada
- Biafra secessionist movement in Nigeria


**CARTOGRAPHIC CONSEQUENCES**

**POPULATION RESETTLEMENT**

**TRANS-NATIONAL MOVEMENTS**

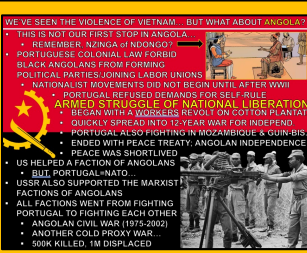
**REGIONAL MOVEMENTS**

**METROPOLIS POWERS**



**WE'VE SEEN THE VIOLENCE OF VIETNAM - BUT WHAT ABOUT ANGOLA?**

- REMEMBER NZINGA SHIMONDO?
- FOR HIGHER COLONIAL LAND OWNERS
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- AND OTHER COLD FRONT WARS...
- 300K KILLED, 1M DISPLACED



Independence through armed struggle:

- Algeria from the French empire
- Angola from the Portuguese empire
- Vietnam from the French empire